



Finding the Right Fit

Balancing Loads and Capacity in a Cold Climate

PRESENTER:

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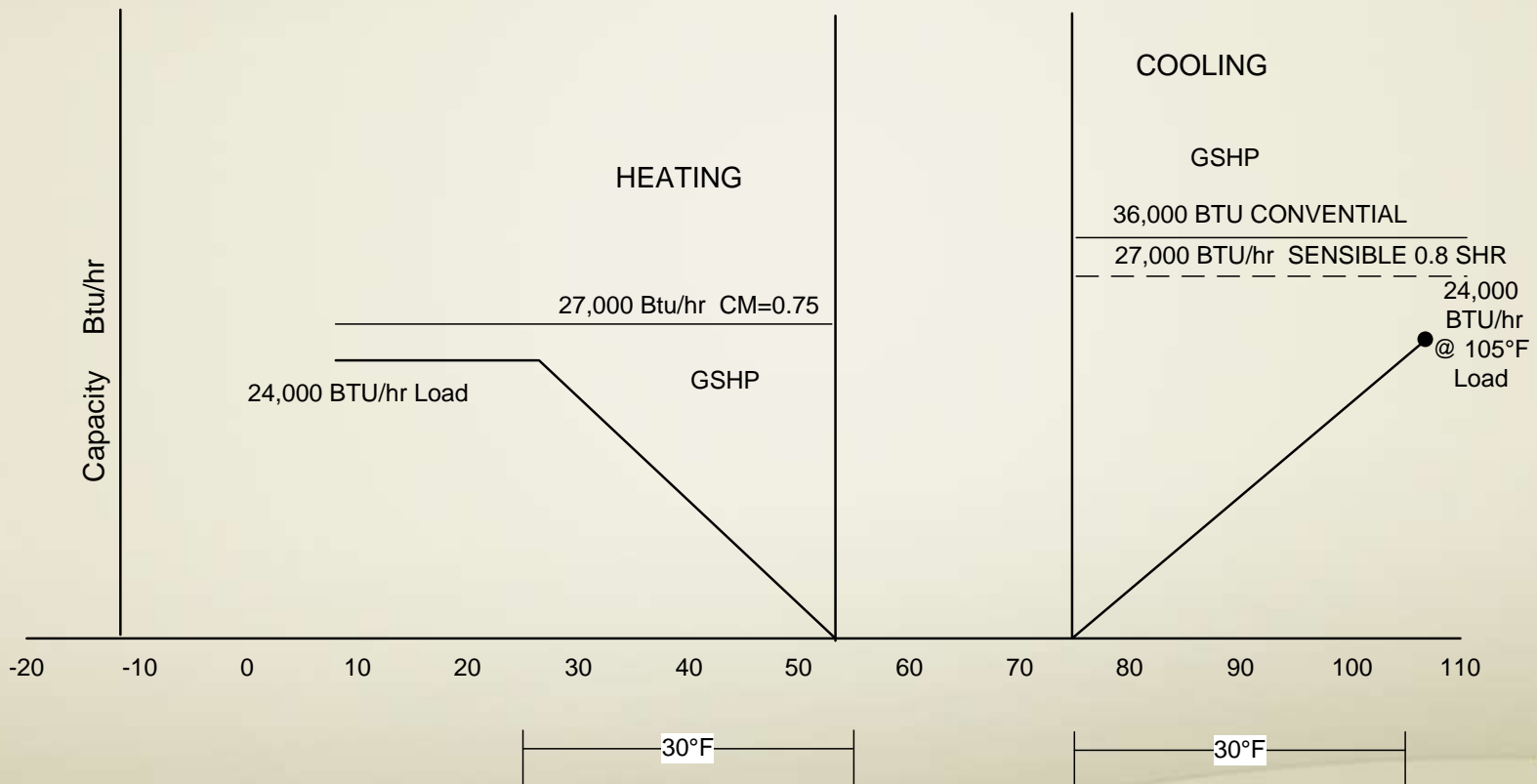
The Early days of Geothermal Heat Pumps

Geothermal heat pumps were originally designed for use in warm climates for cooling, with the following features:

- Larger cooling capacities
- Smaller heating capacities
- Longer run times when dehumidifying



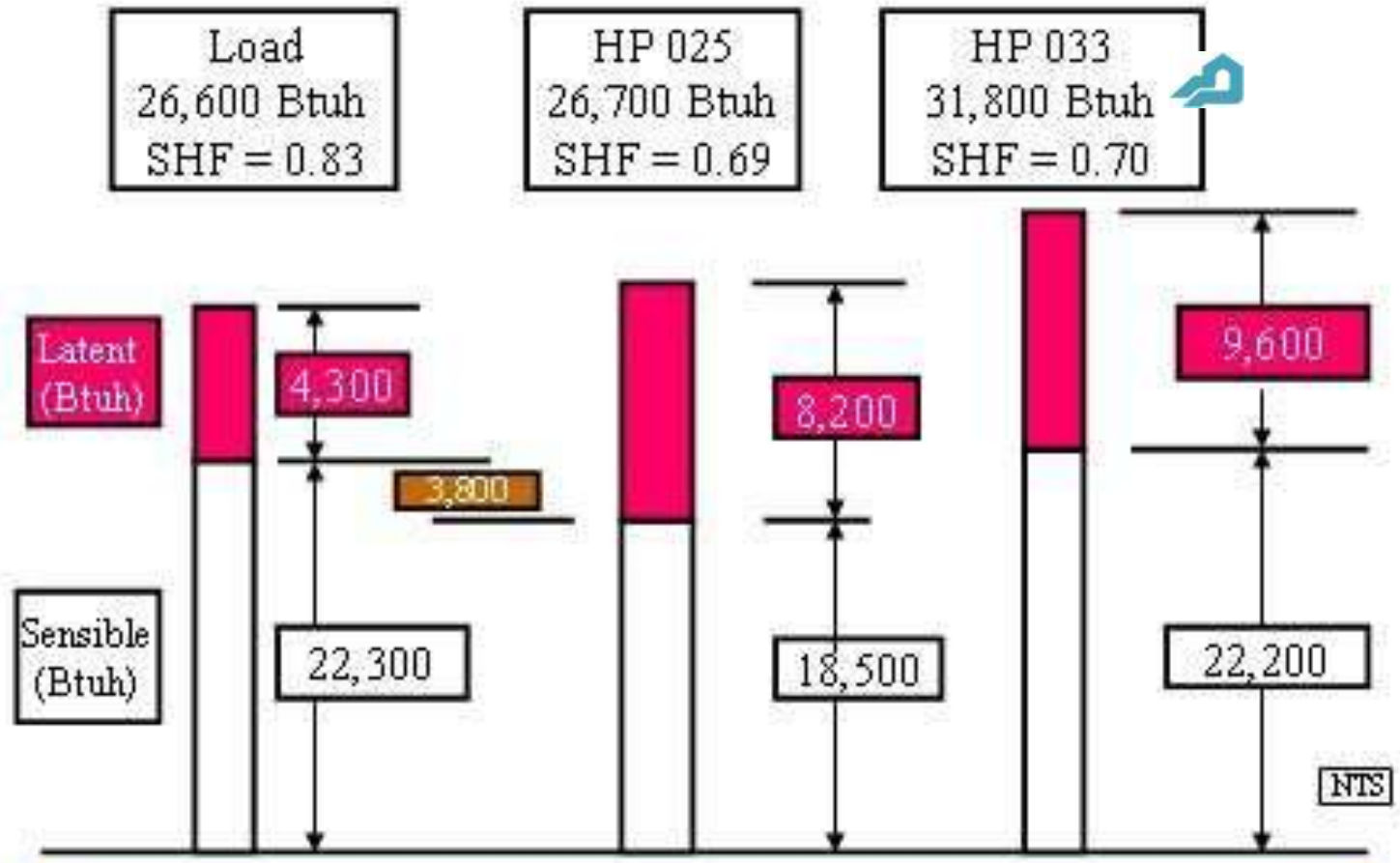
Original heat pump sized for warm climates



Traditional Heat Pump Sizing Rule

- The SHF for the unit must be less than or equal to the SHF for the space.
- The cooling unit should be sized based on the sensible cooling load for the space and the sensible cooling capacity of the unit.
- The latent requirement must be satisfied.



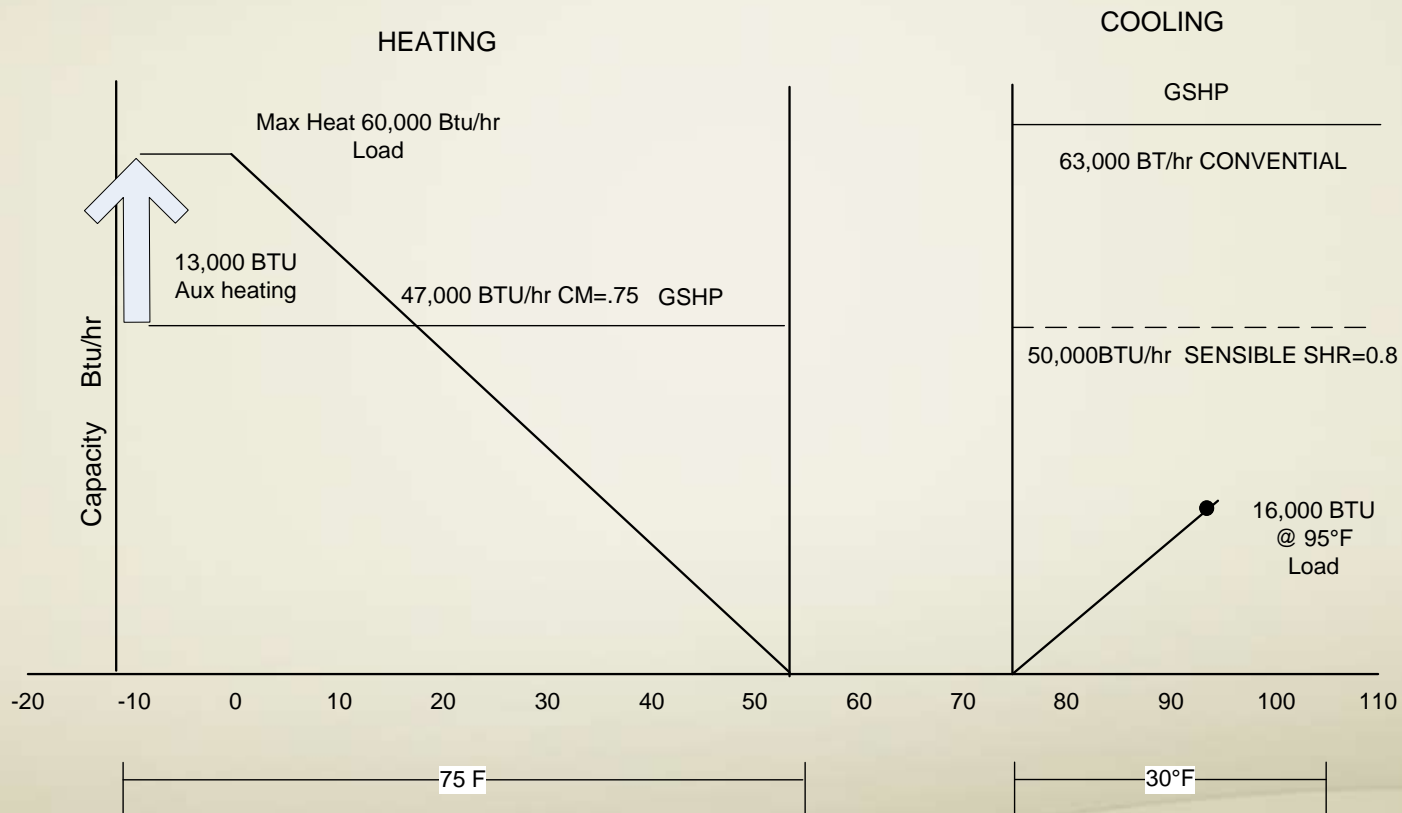


Heat Pump Sizing



Welcome to the Great White North!

In order to meet the large heating requirements in cold climates, geothermal heat pumps became grossly oversized in cooling.



Blower Speed & Duct Specifications

Table 3 - Duct Sizing Chart

20 X

CFM	Acceptable Branch Duct Sizes		Acceptable Main or Trunk Duct Sizes	
	Round	Rectangular	Round	Rectangular
50	4"	4x4		
75	5"	4x5, 4x6		
100	6"	4x8, 4x6		
150	7"	4x10, 5x8, 6x6		
200	8"	5x10, 6x8, 4x14, 7x7		
250	9"	6x10, 8x8, 4x16		
300	10"	6x14, 8x10, 7x12		
350	10"	6x20, 6x16, 9x10		
400	12"	6x18, 10x10, 9x12	10"	4x20, 7x10, 6x12, 8x9
450	12"	6x20, 8x14, 9x12, 10x11	10"	5x20, 6x16, 9x10, 8x12
500			10"	10x10, 6x18, 8x12, 7x14
600			12"	6x20, 7x18, 8x16, 10x12
800			12"	8x18, 9x15, 10x14, 12x12
1000			14"	10x18, 12x14, 8x24
1200			16"	10x20, 12x18, 14x15
1400			16"	10x25, 12x20, 14x18, 15x16
1600			18"	10x30, 15x18, 14x20
1800			20"	10x35, 15x20, 16x19, 12x30, 14x25
2000			20"	10x40, 12x30, 15x25, 18x20

Current 5T →

Tables calculated for 0.05 to 0.10 inches of water friction per 100' of duct. At these duct design conditions, along with the pressure drop through the filter, the total design external static pressure is 0.20 inches of water.

Table 4 - Blower Speed Settings

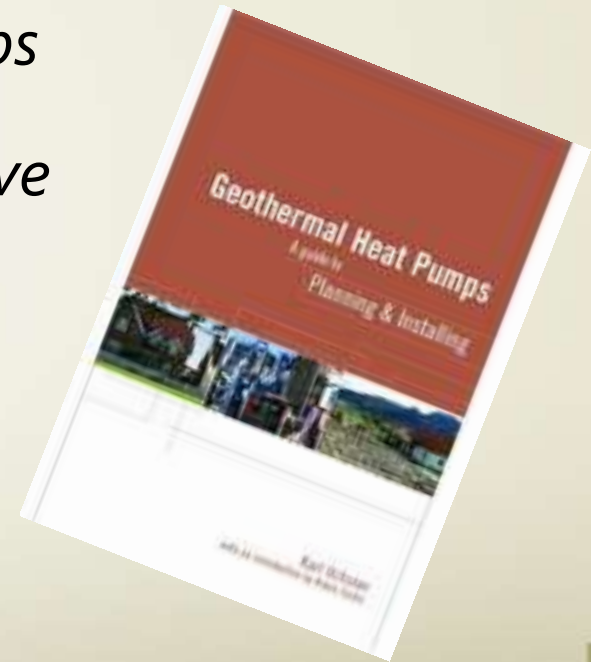
TAP	Low (G)	Medium-Low (Y)	Medium-High (Y2)	High (W2/E)
A (68 Series)	990	1730	2250	2400
B (58 Series)	815	1425	1850	1920
C (48 Series)	740	1295	1680	1800
D (38 Series)	520	910	1180	1300

Note: Adjust Tap set to "+" will increase these numbers by 10%
Adjust Tap set to "-" will decrease these numbers by 10%

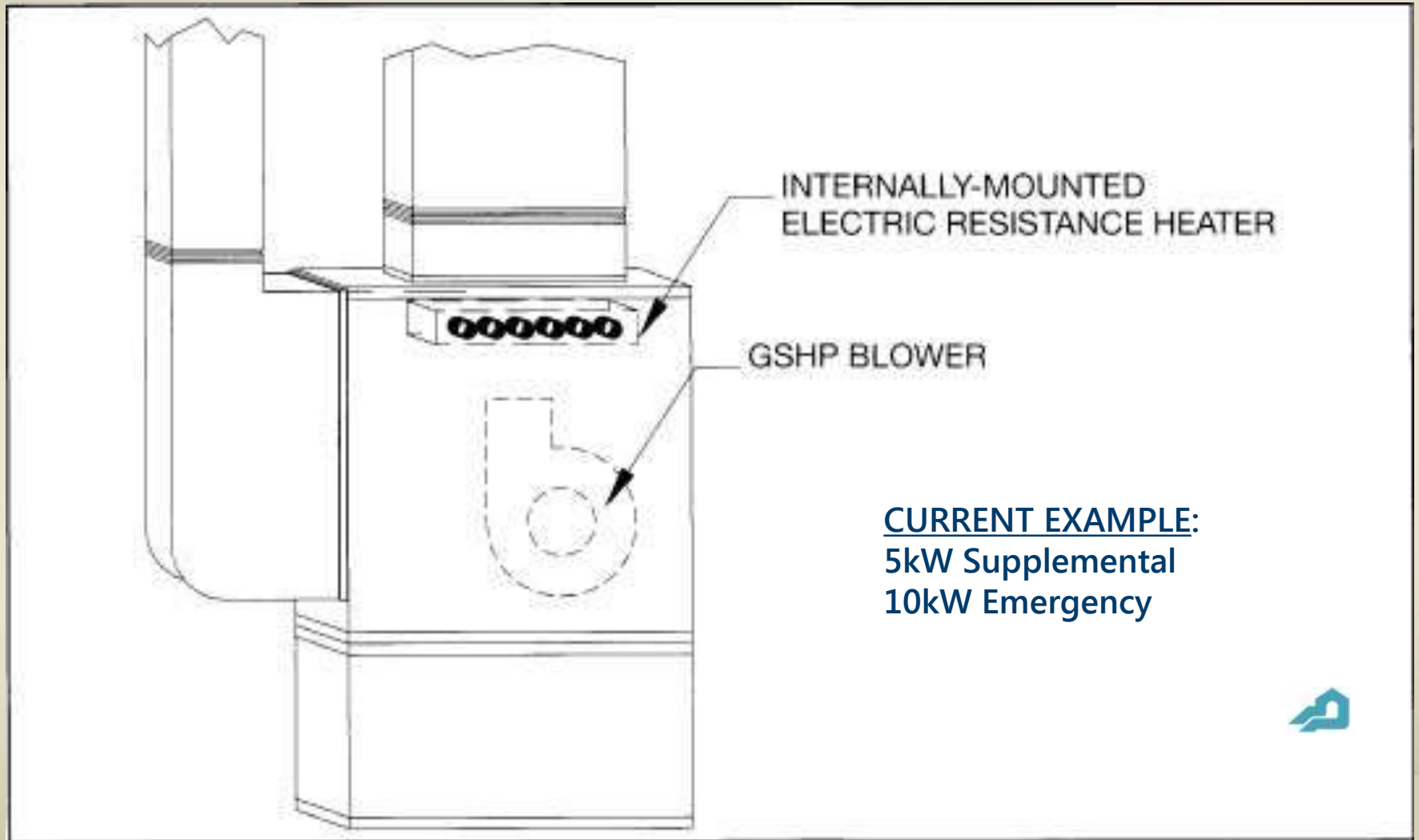
GSHP Sizing Rule of Thumb

Cooling-Dominant Derived Rule:

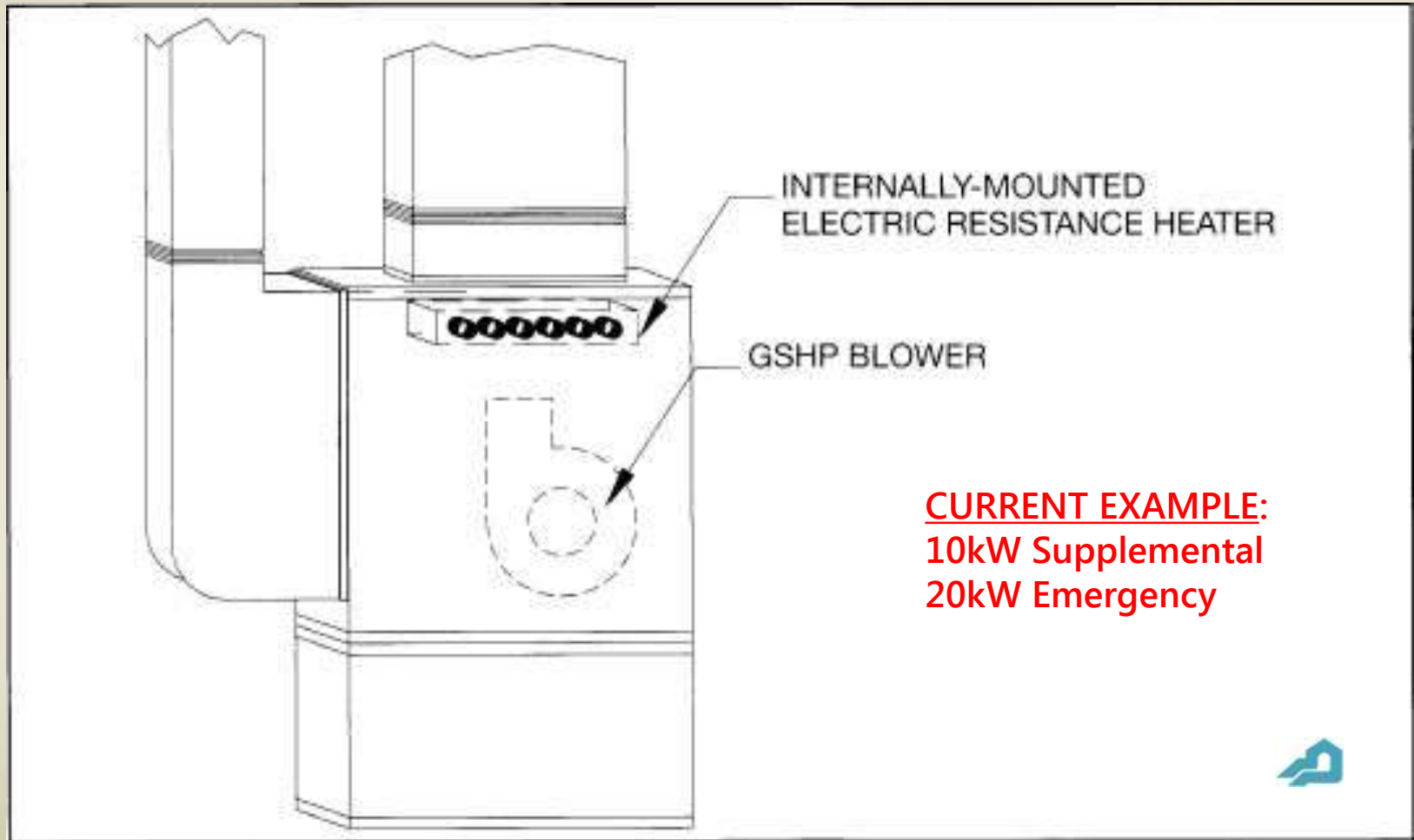
Do not size Ground Source Heat Pumps heating capacity more than 25% above the cooling load.



Auxiliary Electric Resistant Heat...An Easy Solution



GSHP Systems Started Getting Smaller Again...Sacrificing Efficiency!



New Goal: “Cold Climate Technology”

*The ability to provide as close to 100%
of a home’s heating needs without
sacrificing air conditioning comfort.*

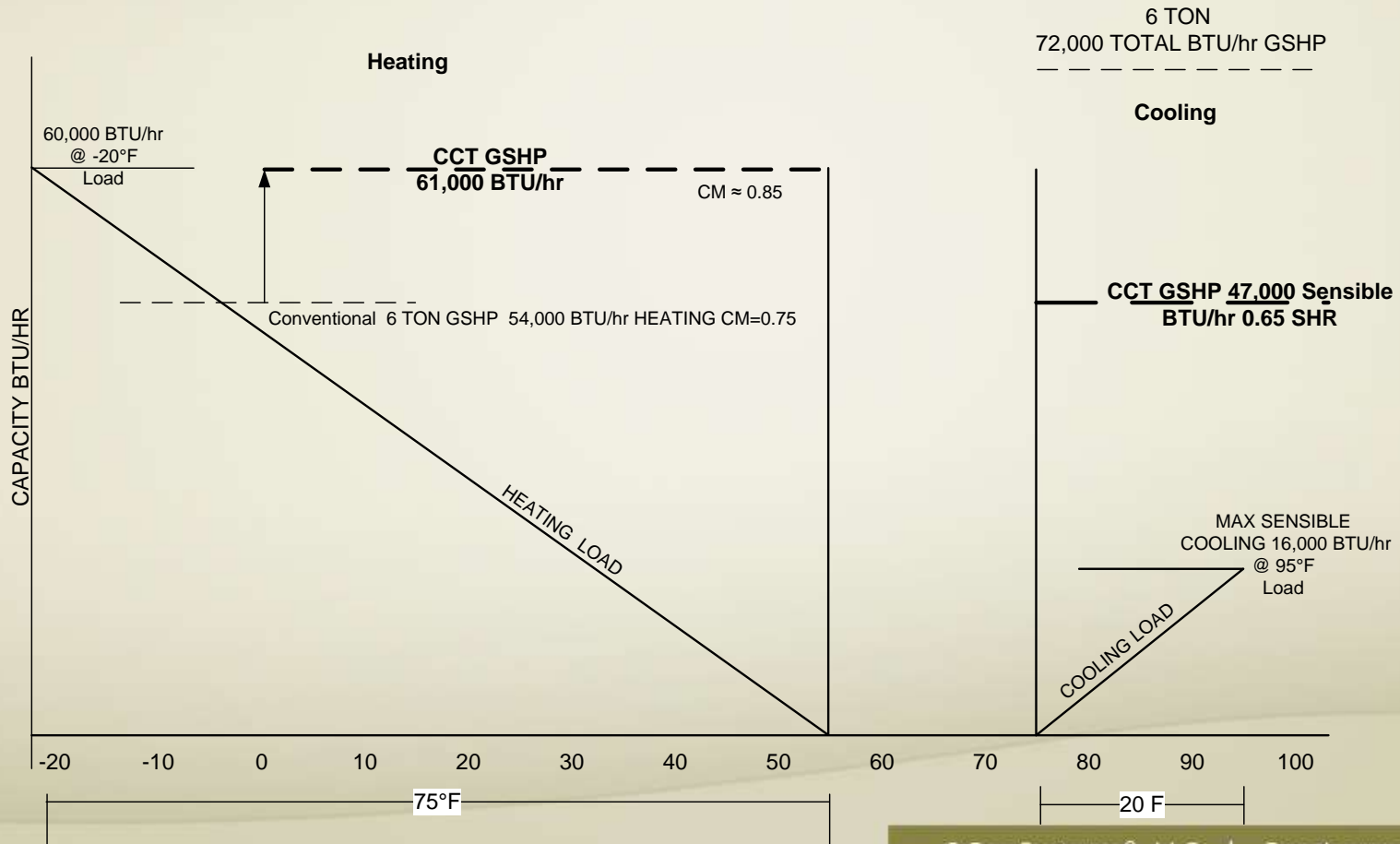


Properly Sizing for Cold Climates

- More balanced heating and cooling capacity
- Long enough run times to ensure proper dehumidification
- Air coils with greater latent energy removal
- Water loop heat exchangers that maximize capacity and lower pressure drop
- Optimization of refrigerant for both heating and cooling



Properly Sizing for Cold Climates





New Energy Star Requirements Forced Many New Changes in GSHP Technologies!

IRS Form 5695

www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/f5695.pdf

Practical Interpretation:

Cost of anything-and-everything that you have to do up to-and-beyond what you would have to do otherwise you can't do the Geo'.

Benefit:

30% uncapped tax credit applies directly to income tax for any year through 2016.

Form 5695		Residential Energy Credits		OMB No. 1545-0074
Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service		▶ See instructions. ▶ Attach to Form 1040 or Form 1040NR.		2010 Attachment Sequence No. 15B
Name(s) shown on return			Your social security number	
Part I Nonbusiness Energy Property Credit (See instructions before completing this part.)				
1	Were the qualified energy efficiency improvements or residential energy property costs for your main home located in the United States? (see instructions)	1	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
Caution: If you checked the "No" box, you cannot claim the nonbusiness energy property credit. Do not complete Part I.				
2	Qualified energy efficiency improvements (see instructions).			
a	Insulation material or system specifically and primarily designed to reduce the heat loss or gain of your home	2a		
b	Exterior windows (including certain storm windows) and skylights	2b		
c	Exterior doors (including certain storm doors)	2c		
d	Metal roof with appropriate pigmented coatings or asphalt roof with appropriate cooling granules that are specifically and primarily designed to reduce the heat gain of your home, and the roof meets or exceeds the Energy Star program requirements in effect at the time of purchase or installation	2d		
3	Residential energy property costs (see instructions).			
a	Energy-efficient building property	3a		
b	Qualified natural gas, propane, or oil furnace or hot water boiler	3b		
c	Advanced main air circulating fan used in a natural gas, propane, or oil furnace	3c		
4	Add lines 2a through 3c	4		
5	Multiply line 4 by 30% (.30)	5		
6	Maximum credit amount. (If you jointly occupied the home, see instructions)	6	\$1,500	
7	Enter the amount, if any, from your 2008 Form 5695, line 11. Otherwise enter -0-	7		
8	Subtract line 7 from line 6	8		
9	Enter the smaller of line 5 or line 8	9		
10	Limitation based on tax liability. Enter the amount from the Credit Limit Worksheet (see instructions)	10		
11	Nonbusiness energy property credit. Enter the smaller of line 9 or line 10. Also include this amount on Form 1040, line 52, or Form 1040NR, line 49	11		

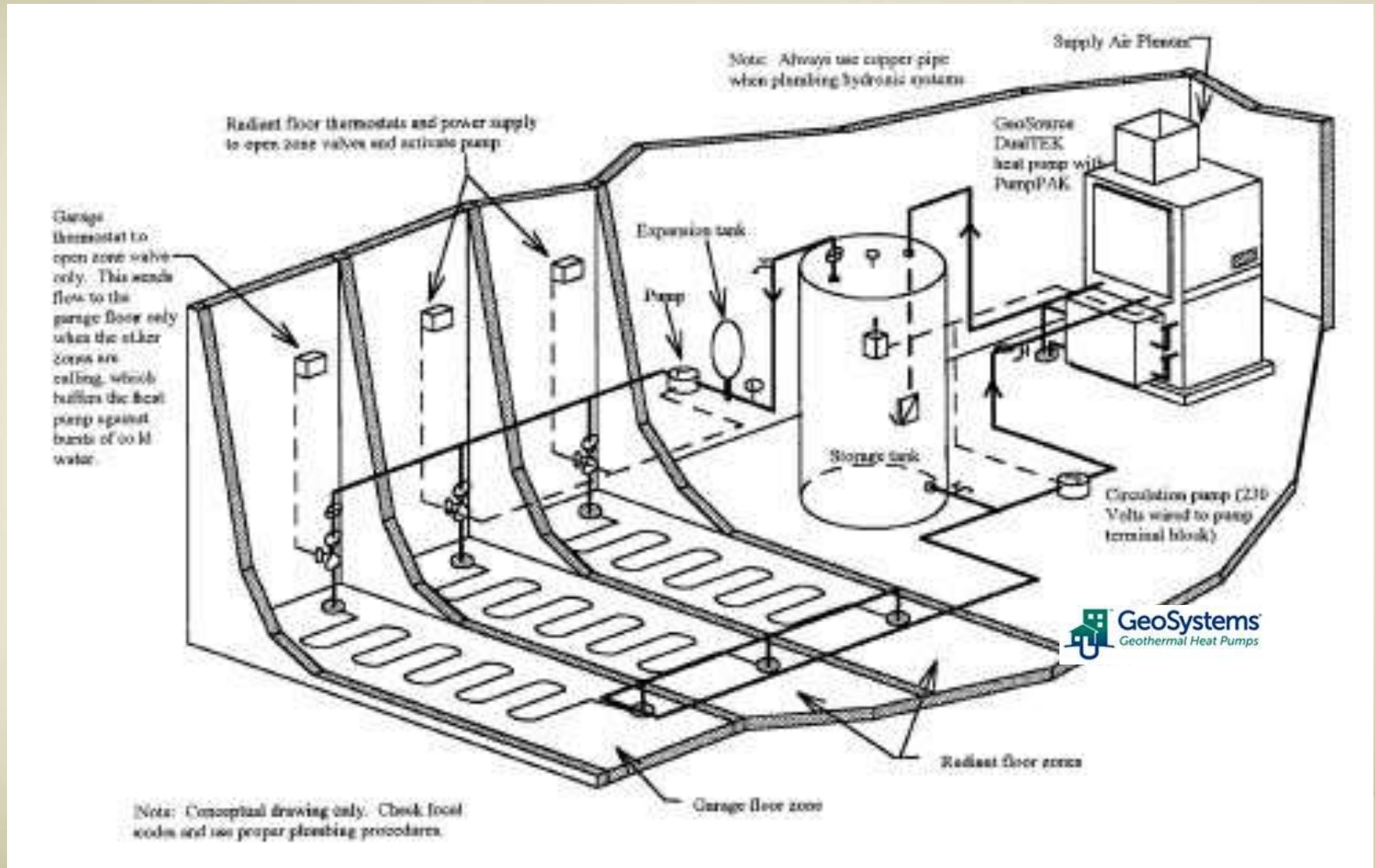
For Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see your tax return instructions. Cat. No. 13540P Form 5695 (2010)

New Technologies Are Developed!

Now, we are able to size units with minimal to no auxiliary heating, *AND properly* size in order to take full advantage of the greater capacity of the cold climate designed equipment... Not to mention, continue expanding the remarkable efficiencies and cost-effectiveness of geothermal heat pumps over conventional systems.



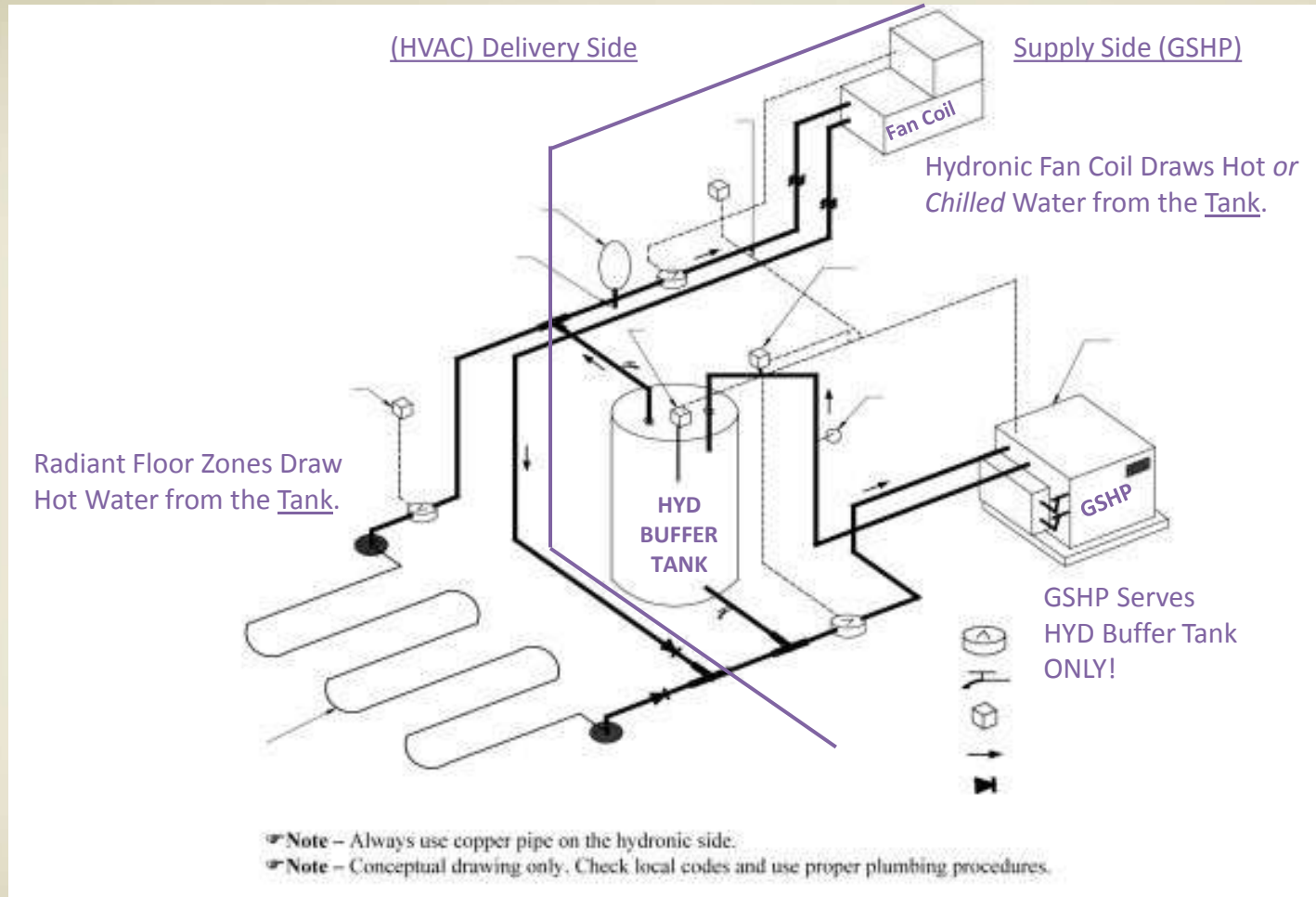
Combined Forced Air/Hydronic GSHP



“Combo” GSHP: Forced Air HT/CL & HYD “Heat Only” (w/ Sidearm Dual Fuel Boiler)



Hydronic Heat/Cool GSHP System



5 T HYD GSHP w/ 3 T HYD Fan Coil combines radiant floor heating with F/A heating & cooling



New Technologies Continue to Be Developed!

DULUTH HOUSE: New Construction

- DULUTH INTL AP (Bin Weather Data)
- 50,000 BTUH Heat Loss (@ -20°F OAT)
- 24,750 BTUH Heat Gain (@ +84°F OAT)
- 5 Ton 3HT/2CL Forced Air Heat Pump

3HT/2CL FORCED AIR EXAMPLE:
2,500 to 3,000 ft² House (Typical)



5 Ton = 51,700 BTUH GSHP CAP @ 30F EWT

Heating (High Capacity)

➔ Heating Capacity 51,700 Btu/hr
% Sizing 103.4%

Installed COP 3.70
Balance Point Temp. -22.1 °F

Heating (Low Capacity)

➔ Heating Capacity 37,700 Btu/hr
% Sizing 75.4%

Installed COP 3.95



Cooling (High Capacity)

Total Cooling Capacity 57,500 Btu/f
Sensible Cooling Capacity 43,125 Btu/f

% Oversizing 74.2%
Installed EER 12.50

Cooling (Low Capacity)

➔ Total Cooling Capacity 46,100 Btu/f
Sensible Cooling Capacity 34,575 Btu/f

% Oversizing 39.7%
Installed EER 14.41



These configurations are made even easier with advances in thermostat technology.



5T GSHP Runtime & Operating Cost

Heating

High Capacity Runtime 250 hrs

Low Capacity Runtime 2,532 hrs

Resistance Heat Runtime 31 hrs

Heat Pump Energy Use 8,445 kWh

Resistance Heat Energy Use 20 kWh

Pumping Energy Use 776 kWh

Cooling

High Capacity Runtime 0 hrs

Low Capacity Runtime 275 hrs

Heat Pump Energy Use 799 kWh

Pumping Energy Use 76 kWh

Heating

HP Operating Cost \$760.14

Resistance Heat Operating Cost \$1.83

Pumping Cost \$69.85

→ Total Cost \$831.82

Cooling

HP Operating Cost \$71.99

Pumping Cost \$6.91

→ Total Cost \$78.90



4 Ton = 41,100 BTUH GSHP CAP @ 30F EWT

Heating (High Capacity)

➔ Heating Capacity 41,100 Btu/hr
% Sizing 82.2%

Installed COP 3.54
Balance Point Temp. -9.5 °F

Heating (Low Capacity)

➔ Heating Capacity 29,000 Btu/hr
% Sizing 58.0%

Installed COP 3.70



Cooling (High Capacity)

Total Cooling Capacity 47,500 Btu/t
Sensible Cooling Capacity 35,625 Btu/t
% Oversizing 43.9%
Installed EER 12.50

Cooling (Low Capacity)

➔ Total Cooling Capacity 37,000 Btu/t
Sensible Cooling Capacity 27,750 Btu/t
% Oversizing 12.1%
Installed EER 14.23

4.0 < 5T GSHP Runtime & Operating Cost

Heating

High Capacity Runtime 607 hrs

Low Capacity Runtime 2,535 hrs

Resistance Heat Runtime 160 hrs

Heat Pump Energy Use 8,281 kWh

Resistance Heat Energy Use 291 kWh

Pumping Energy Use 724 kWh

Cooling

High Capacity Runtime 0 hrs

Low Capacity Runtime 330 hrs

Heat Pump Energy Use 787 kWh

Pumping Energy Use 76 kWh

Heating

HP Operating Cost \$745.30

Resistance Heat Operating Cost \$26.21

Pumping Cost \$65.16

➔ Total Cost \$836.67

Cooling

HP Operating Cost \$70.83

Pumping Cost \$6.86

➔ Total Cost \$77.69

loopLink



51,700 BTUH GSHP CAP
\$831.82 Annual Heating Cost

41,100 BTUH GSHP CAP
\$836.67 Annual Heating Cost



Similar Result?...What's the Hitch?

GHEX Sizing (i.e., cost)...about the same!



5,068 ft. Total Pipe



4,796 ft. Total Pipe



**Saves Only 272 ft. of Total Pipe
(And Excavation Cost is About the Same)**



Saves 26 ft. Off Each Bore Hole (Slightly More Savings on Drilling)

5 Ton Vertically Bored GHEX

Earth Temperature Data Location

Deep earth (below 20ft) temperature is a function of the average annual air temperature in your region and remains relatively constant regardless of season.

Deep Earth Temp (T_g) 48.0 °F

Formation Details

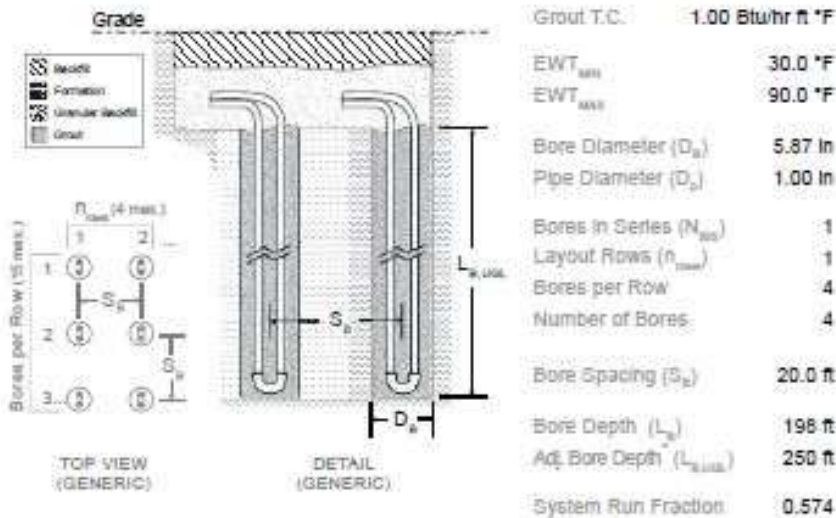
The thermal properties of your formation are based on the formation's composition and have a direct impact on the scale of your loopfield.

Thermal Conductivity 1.20 Btu/hr ft °F

GHEX Summary

Heating is dominant

Grout is used inside of all bores in order to protect the deep earth environment from surface contaminants and to provide a more effective contact surface with GHEX piping that optimizes heat transfer between the fluid pumped through your GSHP and the earth.



4 X 250 ft. Total Bore

5 Ton Vertically Bored GHEX

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Deep earth (below 20ft) temperature is a function of the average annual air temperature in your region and remains relatively constant regardless of season.

Deep Earth Temp (T_g) 48.0 °F

Formation Details

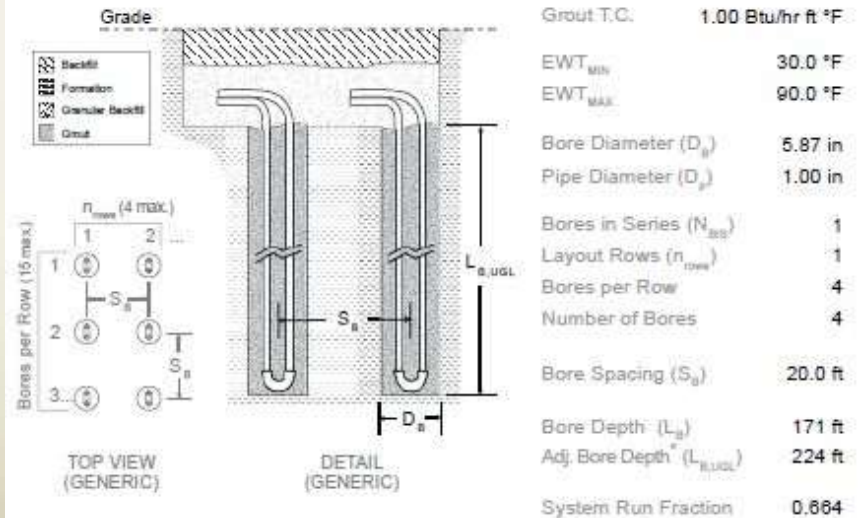
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4 X 224 ft. Total Bore

GSHP Sizing Rules of Thumb

- **Cooling-Dominant Derived Rule:**

Do not size GSHP heating capacity more than 25% above the cooling load (impractical?)

- **Manufacturer-Derived Rule:**

Do not size GSHP to less than 85% of the peak heating load (roughly 1 Ton undersizing)

- **Cold Climate Sizing Solution:**

Size to perform 96-100% of all the heating (but consider sizing scale-back for honest "hardships")



**Welcome to the Great White North!
Any Questions?**

